



SELLER DECLARATIONS - CANADA

A Seller will build confidence in its product and credibility with Buyers by disclosing all material facts about the structural and mechanical quality of the vehicle offered for sale. A Seller who consigns a vehicle for sale at a participating Canadian NAAA member auction (the "Auction") is required to declare the information listed below. The list is not intended to be exhaustive. As vehicles and our industry change, the disclosure obligations required of Sellers may similarly change. Accordingly, the Auction reserves the right to consider other information not specifically listed below.

Declaration	Explanation	Arbitration Period
1. ABS Defective	The Seller must disclose if the anti-lock braking system is not operational (if equipped). Arbitration is only available for repairs over \$750 (standard Mitchell warranty rates).	Regular
2. Accident Repair \$ _____	<p>The Seller must declare a vehicle to be Accident Repaired if a vehicle history report (e.g. CarProof, AutoCheck, CARFAX, Lease Return Questionnaire) or other industry accepted information source indicates repair for single incident damage of \$3,000 (\$2,000 in British Columbia) or more.</p> <p>If the dollar value of the Accident Repair is known, it must be declared.</p> <p>If the Seller believes that a vehicle history report is incorrect, it is the Seller's obligation to get the report corrected within the arbitration period or risk having the sale cancelled.</p> <p>If the Seller chooses to declare an accident repair under \$3,000 (\$2,000 in B.C.), it must describe the declaration as an <i>Incident Report</i> (see below).</p>	Regular
3. Adjacent Panels Replaced	<p>The Seller must declare if two or more adjacent panels (excluding bumper panels) have been replaced on a vehicle.</p> <p>Please note: If the panels were replaced due to an accident, depending on the cost of the repairs, it may also be necessary for the Seller to make the Accident Repair declaration.</p>	Regular
4. Air Bags Missing/Defective	The Seller must disclose if the vehicle's airbags are missing or not operational.	Regular
5. Alternate Fuel or Conversion	The Seller must disclose if the vehicle uses propane or natural gas, or at any time had a propane or natural gas fuel system.	Regular
6. Excessive Rust	The Seller must disclose if the vehicle suffers from excessive rust. Rust is considered to be excessive when the location or quantity of the rust affects the structural integrity of the vehicle, e.g. the frame or any structural component is perforated by rust.	Regular
7. Fire Damage	The Seller must disclose if the vehicle has been damaged by fire.	Extended

Declaration	Explanation	Arbitration Period
8. Flood Damage	<p>The Seller must declare a vehicle as Flood Damaged when:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. water or other liquid has penetrated the vehicle to the level of the floor boards or higher; or ii. if any of the following components have been damaged due to immersion: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Front or rear lighting or wiring harnesses ➤ Engine and its major components ➤ Transmission and differential ➤ Dash instrument panel and wiring ➤ Passenger seat cushions ➤ Power seat or window motor ➤ Major sound system components 	Extended
9. Grey Market	<p>The Seller must declare if the vehicle was ever registered in a country other than the United States or Canada or manufactured not in compliance with North American standards. All Grey market vehicles offered for sale must include a CarProof Verified vehicle history report, or equivalent.</p>	Regular
10. Incident Report (optional)	<p>If the Seller has a third party vehicle history report (e.g. CarProof, AutoChek, CARFAX) indicating accident repair of <i>under</i> \$3,000 (\$2,000 in B.C.) it may be declared as an <i>Incident Report</i> at the <i>option</i> of the Seller; however, no arbitration is available.</p>	N/A
11. Incorrect Vehicle Marking	<p>The Seller must disclose if any logo, badge, decal, emblem, ornament or similar markings on the vehicle do not match the make, model or series of the vehicle.</p>	Regular
12. Irreparable	<p>Regardless of whether the title has been branded, the Seller must disclose if the vehicle is not capable of being repaired for roadworthy operation and may only be used for parts or scrap. <i>Irreparable</i> vehicles are assumed to also be <i>Total Loss</i> vehicles and thus the <i>Total Loss</i> declaration does not need to be made.</p>	Extended
13. Km _____	<p>If the odometer reading is accurate, the Seller must disclose the distance the vehicle has travelled as indicated on the odometer. <i>Minor odometer discrepancies of 3,000 km or 5% (whichever is less) are not subject to arbitration.</i></p>	Extended
14. Major Repair _____(details)	<p>The Seller must disclose if a major component of the vehicle is defective or not operational and the component would cost over \$750 (on a non-cumulative basis) to repair or replace in accordance with standard Mitchell warranty rates. Major components include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Engine ➤ Transmission ➤ Power train ➤ Sub-frame ➤ Suspension ➤ Computer equipment ➤ Fuel operating system ➤ Electrical system ➤ Emissions system <p>The following items are not subject to arbitration:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Upholstery ○ Glass ○ Hail damage ○ Tires ○ Visible body damage 	Regular
15. Material Variation from Production	<p>The Seller must disclose if the vehicle varies materially from the original manufacturer's specifications.</p>	Regular

Declaration	Explanation	Arbitration Period
Specs		
16. Odo 5 digit	The Seller must disclose if the odometer is a 5 digit odometer with over 100,000 miles or kilometers.	Regular
17. Odo Broken/Faulty	The Seller must disclose if the odometer of the vehicle is broken or faulty, i.e. not accurately tracking distance driven.	Regular
18. Odo in Miles	The Seller must disclose if the odometer is in miles.	Regular
19. Odo Replaced	The Seller must disclose if the odometer has been replaced.	Extended
20. Odo Roll back	The Seller must disclose if the odometer has been rolled back.	Extended
21. Odo Unreadable	The Seller must declare the odometer to be unreadable if it is accurately tracking distance driven but cannot be read due to pixel damage, because the vehicle cannot be started to obtain an odometer reading, or similar reasons.	Regular
22. Out of Province _____ (list)	<p>If the province of the last registration (or equivalent) to a retail customer is different than the jurisdiction from which the vehicle is currently being sold, the vehicle must be declared an <i>out of province vehicle</i> and the Seller must identify the last province in which the vehicle was registered (or equivalent) to a retail customer.</p> <p>For vehicles sold in Ontario only:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ A vehicle remains an out of province vehicle and must be so declared, if it was previously registered (or equivalent) to a retail customer in another province and has been registered in Ontario for less than 7 consecutive years. ➤ The Seller must declare all of the provinces in which the vehicle was previously registered. 	Regular
23. Previous Daily Rental	The Seller must disclose if the vehicle was previously used as a daily rental vehicle (unless the vehicle was subsequently owned by a non-dealer).	Regular
24. Previous Driving School Vehicle	The Seller must disclose if the vehicle was previously used as a driving school vehicle.	Regular
25. Previous Emergency Services Vehicle	The Seller must disclose if the vehicle was previously used as an emergency services vehicle.	Regular
26. Previous Police Vehicle	The Seller must disclose if the vehicle was previously used as a police cruiser.	Regular
27. Previous Taxi/Limo	The Seller must disclose if the vehicle was previously used as a taxi or limousine.	Regular
28. Stolen and Recovered	The Seller must disclose if a vehicle was recovered after being reported stolen.	Extended
29. Structural damage	The Seller must declare a vehicle to have structural damage if it meets the definition of structural damage set out in the National Auto Auction Association's Structural Damage Policy. See www.naaa.com	Extended
30. Title Branded _____ (brand)	The Seller must disclose if the vehicle's title has been branded in accordance with provincial or state law and must indicate the brand(s) assigned	Extended

Declaration	Explanation	Arbitration Period
31. TKU	The Seller must declare a vehicle TKU (true kilometers unknown) if the distance traveled is unknown and there are no reliable records available to verify the odometer reading as of a certain date. When a vehicle is declared TKU, the total distance that a vehicle has been driven is likely substantially higher than the reading shown on the odometer.	Extended
32. TKU _____ km as of _____ (date)	If the total distance driven is unknown, but based on reliable records, the distance driven as of a certain date is known, the Seller must declare the last known distance and provide the date.	Extended
33. Total Loss	The Seller must declare if an insurer determined the vehicle was a total loss.	Extended
34. U.S. Vehicle	The Seller must declare if the vehicle was ever registered in the United States or manufactured not in compliance with Canadian standards. All U.S. vehicles offered for sale must include a CarProof Verified vehicle history report, or equivalent.	Regular
35. VIN Plate issues	The Seller must disclose if the original VIN plate (on the driver's side of the dashboard) has been removed, altered or replaced. Vehicles may not be offered for sale unless the original VIN plate is in tact or has been replaced in accordance with provincial and federal regulatory requirements.	Regular
36. Warranty Cancelled	The Seller must disclose if the manufacturer has cancelled the warranty on the Vehicle or has given notice of its intention to do so. Notice of warranty cancellation given after the date of sale is not subject to arbitration.	Regular
37. Year _____ Make _____ Model _____ Series _____	The Seller must disclose the year, make, model and series (i.e. trim level) of the vehicle as indicated by means of VIN decoding.	Regular

ARBITRATION PERIODS	
Regular	❖ End of business on sale day or as established by local Auction practice. For internet sales, 1 business day after delivery of the vehicle to the Buyer.
Extended	❖ 7 calendar days following the date of sale, or for internet sales, from the date of delivery to the Buyer. If the Buyer was not able to discover the undisclosed declaration through inspection or a reliable third party vehicle history report, the arbitration period may be extended at the discretion of the Auction.